JPoint Mounting Adapter Installation Instructions:
Ruger revolver (factory drilled and tapped)

Parts Included:

- JPoint mounting adapter
- Two (2) 6-32 x 3/8" button socket cap screws
- One (1) 6-48 x 9/16" mounting screw
- One (1) JPA-SHIM pack
  - One (1) shim
  - Two (2) 6-32 x 1/2" button head cap screws

CAUTION: OPEN CYLINDER AND VISUALLY CHECK CHAMBER TO MAKE SURE THAT FIREARM IS UNLOADED.

Before beginning the installation, be aware that the enclosed 6-48 x 9/16" mounting screw is used to secure the adapter to the strap of the revolver. This mounting screw is intentionally too long and will need to be trimmed to fit your particular firearm because the thickness of the strap varies from one Ruger model to the next. Attempting to secure the mounting screw without shortening this screw will cause the mounting screw to protrude through the bottom of the strap and damage the top of the cylinder. In addition to cosmetic damage, this will prevent the cylinder from closing or swinging open, defeating proper function.

With the revolver unloaded and the cylinder open, secure the JPoint mounting adapter to the strap of the revolver by installing and tightening the supplied 6-48 x 9/16" mounting screw. Check the bottom of the strap to see if the mounting screw is protruding. Do not attempt to close the cylinder at this time, as you will damage the firearm. Note the number of screw threads protruding through the bottom of the strap, as this will be the number of threads you'll need to remove when shortening the screw. Next, remove the mounting screw from the firearm and shorten it by the counted number of threads using a file, stone, grinding wheel or Dremel tool. When you have achieved the desired results, reinsert the adapter and secure the mounting screw. Finally, secure the JPoint sight using the 6-32 x 3/8" button head screws supplied.
Refer to your JPoint owner’s manual for instructions on zeroing your sight. Bear in mind that revolvers can have a very large range for point of impact relative to the frame/barrel relationship. Short-barreled revolvers (less than four inches) will have a much higher point of impact than long-barreled revolvers (more than eight inches). This is why short-barreled revolvers come with such a high front sight from the factory. In addition, ported revolvers will impact much lower than non-ported revolvers. Any or all of these circumstances—in addition to minor variations in the lens positioning between individual JPoint units—may result in a combination of JPoint/mount/revolver that cannot be zeroed in the elevation plane. The JPoint has about 1° of internal elevation correction. Do not force the elevation adjustment screw past its stopping point. Damage caused by forcing the sight beyond its internal adjustment range will not be covered by warranty. If you are still not able to zero your JPoint sight, the easy solution to this problem is to install the included 1° shim (JPA-SHIM) to bring the sight into the internally correctable elevation range.

THANKS FOR YOUR BUSINESS!